

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

BUSINESS PLAN FEES

Each business required to submit a business plan pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 25500 et seq. shall pay the following annual administrative fee per facility:

Volume/Weight of Hazardous Material (for solid-only, liquid-only, gas-only, or unit based):

	less than 5,500 gal or; less than 20,000 ft ³ or; less than 50,000 lbs or; less than 5,500 units “SMALL”	5,500 gal to 55,000 gal or; 20,000 ft ³ to 200,000 ft ³ or; 50,000 lbs to 500,000 lbs or; 5500 units to 55,000 units “MEDIUM”	greater than 55,000 gal or; greater than 200,000 ft ³ or; greater than 500,000 lbs or; greater than 55,000 units “LARGE”
One storage location per facility	CB1T - Triennial Insp \$90 ⁺	CB2T - Triennial Insp \$145 ⁺	CB3T - Triennial Insp \$1,445 ⁺
	CB1B - Biennial Insp \$145 CP1B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$90*	CB2B - Biennial Insp \$225 CP2B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$145*	CB3B - Biennial Insp \$2,170 CP3B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$1,445*
	CB1A - Annual Insp \$290 CP1A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$145*	CB2A - Annual Insp \$435 CP2A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$225*	CB3A - Annual Insp \$4,335 CP3A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$2,170*
Two to Five storage locations per facility	CB4T - Triennial Insp \$170 ⁺	CB5T - Triennial Insp \$365 ⁺	CB6T - Triennial Insp \$1,690 ⁺
	CB4B - Biennial Insp \$255 CP4B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$170*	CB5B - Biennial Insp \$540 CP5B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$365*	CB6B - Biennial Insp \$2,535 CP6B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$1,690*
	CB4A - Annual Insp \$510 CP4A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$255*	CB5A - Annual Insp \$1,085 CP5A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$540*	CB6A - Annual Insp \$5,055 CP6A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$2,535*
More than Five storage locations per facility	CB7T - Triennial Insp \$290 ⁺	CB8T - Triennial Insp \$435 ⁺	CB9T - Triennial Insp \$1,920 ⁺
	CB7B - Biennial Insp \$435 CP7B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$290*	CB8B - Biennial Insp \$655 CP8B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$435*	CB9B - Biennial Insp \$2,885 CP9B - Triennial Insp (PIP) \$1,920*
	CB7A - Annual Insp \$865 CP7A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$435*	CB8A - Annual Insp \$1,305 CP8A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$655*	CB9A - Annual Insp \$5,765 CP9A - Biennial Insp (PIP) \$2,885*

⁺Not eligible for the Performance Incentive Program (PIP)

*Qualified and Enrolled in the Performance Incentive Program (PIP)

Fees shall be determined by a combination of bulk quantities per facility, number of storage locations at a facility and the frequency of inspections determined by risk as described below.

The weights of hazardous materials at a facility shall be determined by summing weights of all solids (exceeding the reportable quantity) in pounds. The liquid volume of all hazardous materials at a facility shall be determined by summing the volumes of all liquids (exceeding the reportable quantity) in gallons. The gas volume of all hazardous materials at a facility shall be

determined by summing the volumes of all gasses (exceeding the reportable quantity) in cubic feet at standard temperature and pressure.

For calculating amounts of materials, liquefied petroleum (propane), ammonium hydroxide will be calculated in gallons; anhydrous ammonia, chlorine gas, and used oil filters shall be reported in pounds.

The above table may be used “as is” for facilities that have only solids, or liquids, or gasses. Facilities having a mixture of solids, liquids, or gasses in an inventory shall assign a “unit score” from the sum of the solids, sum of the liquids, sum of the gas and then add the unit score to determine the base fee using the following methodology:

Unit scores are assigned by using the ratio of the thresholds (liquid threshold is 55 gallons, solid threshold is 500 pounds, and the gas threshold is 200 cubic feet) of the materials and summing the unit scores. One gallon of liquid is equal to one unit, one pound is equal to 0.11 units, and one cubic foot is equal to 0.275 units.

55 gallons	X	1.0	=	55 units
500 pounds	X	0.11	=	55 units
200 cu-ft gas	X	0.275	=	55 units

Multiply the gallons in your inventory by 1, multiply the pounds by 0.11, and multiply the cubic feet of gas by 0.275. Add the calculated unit numbers together. If the unit total is less than 5,500 units, the facility would be categorized as “small”. If the unit total is between 5,500 units and 55,000 units the facility would be categorized as “medium”. If the unit total is greater than 55,000, the facility would be categorized as “large”.

For example, if a facility had a mixed inventory of reportable liquids, solids, and gases with the following amounts:

All gallons added together is equal to 4,000 gallons; and
All pounds added together is equal to 10,000 pounds; and
All cubic feet added together is equal to 15,000 cubic feet; then

The calculation would be as follows:

4,000 gallons	X	1.0	units/gallon	=	4,000	units
10,000 pounds	X	0.11	units/pound	=	1,100	units
15,000 cu-ft	X	0.275	units/cu-ft	=	<u>4,125</u>	<u>units</u>
TOTAL					9,225	units

9,225 units for the total inventory would place this facility into the medium category.

Inspection frequency shall be determined by risk as follows:

Annual inspections shall be conducted at businesses that handle one or more chemicals found on the Table 1 or 3 lists in Title 19 of the California Code of Regulations, Division 2, Chapter 4.5, Article 8, Section 2770.5., and that exceed the threshold quantities of those chemicals as defined in California Health and Safety Code Section 25503.5 et seq.

Biennial inspections shall be conducted at businesses that handle one or more chemicals found on the Table 2 list in Title 19 of the California Code of Regulations, Division 2, Chapter 4.5, Article 8, Section 2770.5., and that exceed the threshold quantities of those chemicals as defined in California Health and Safety Code Section 25503.5 et seq., or the facility handles explosives. The biennial inspection criteria does not apply to facilities handling propane (LPG) at less than 50,000 pounds unless there are mitigating circumstances or other criteria warranting placement into this or a higher inspection criteria. The biennial inspection criteria does not apply to facilities handling acetylene at less than 5,000 cubic feet unless there are mitigating circumstances or other criteria warranting placement into this or a higher inspection criteria.

Facilities may be placed into a higher risk category if they are out of compliance for more than three months or at the discretion of the Director of Public Health, based upon site specific and hazardous material specific circumstances.

Triennial inspections shall be conducted at businesses exceeding the threshold quantities as defined in California Health and Safety Code Section 25503.5 et seq., and no other criteria or mitigating circumstances trigger a higher risk category.

Facilities may be placed into a higher risk category if they are out of compliance for more than three months or at the discretion of the Director of Public Health, based upon site specific and hazardous material specific circumstances.

Performance Incentive Program (PIP): The Performance Incentive Program (PIP) is a voluntary program available to facilities that handle extremely hazardous materials to reduce inspection frequencies and reduce annual permit fees. Facilities that have a documented record of excellent compliance with state and federal laws and have not had a release of hazardous materials may be eligible for PIP.

HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR FEES

CG07 - Small Quantity Hazardous Waste Generator	\$170
CG03 - Large Quantity Hazardous Waste Generator	\$695
CG08 - RCRA Large Quantity Hazardous Waste Generator	\$695

Any additional tiered treatment program elements beyond the Small/Large/RCRA Large Quantity Hazardous Waste Generator program will be an additional permit fee, listed below.

CG09 - Conditionally Authorized Tiered Treatment	\$935
CG10 - Conditionally Exempt Tiered Treatment	\$935
CG11 - Permit by Rule Tiered Treatment	\$935
CG12 - PBR-Household Hazardous Waste Collection	\$595
CG13 - Excluded or Exempted Material Recycler	
CG14 - Remote Waste Consolidation	

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK FEES

CS01 - Underground Storage Tank Permit to Operate (per tank):	\$650
CS03 - Permit to Construct (per facility):	\$5,000
CS04 - Permit to Modify (Major) (per facility):	\$2,200
CS07 - Permit to Modify (Minor) (per facility):	\$540
CS02 - Permit to Permanently Close (per facility):	\$1,980
CS05 - Lining Recertification Test (per tank)/	\$255
CS06 - Permit for Temporary Abandonment (per facility):	Hourly

ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK FEES

CD01 - Aboveground Petroleum Storage Tank aggregate volume of 1,320–9,999 gallon	\$110
CD02 - Aboveground Petroleum Storage Tank aggregate volume of 9,999–99,999 gallons	\$215
CD03 - Aboveground Petroleum Storage Tank aggregate volume over 99,999 gallons	\$425

CAL-ARP PROGRAM FEES

California Accidental Release Response Program:

<u>Process</u> <u>Risk</u>	Complex Single Category	Complex Multiple Category	Special Complex	Special Complex Category Biennial Insp (PIP)	Cal-ARP Refinery
High	\$6,870 CRA3 \$2,745 CPA3*	\$9,610 CRA4 \$3,430 CPA4*	\$16,480 CRA5	\$11,045 CRB5*	Hourly CRA6+
Moderate	\$2,745 CRB3 \$1,365 CPB3*	\$3,430 CRB4 \$1,825 CPB3*			
Low	\$1,365 CRC3+	\$1,825 CRC4+			

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+Not eligible for the Performance Incentive Program (PIP)

Facilities are categorized by the severity of the risk posed and the complexity of the process. Risk is divided into three tiers and is correlated with the definitions found in Part 68 of Subchapter C of Chapter I of Title 50 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

“Low Risk” facility shall mean the same as a Program 1 facility as defined in Part 68 (commencing with Section 68.1 (b)) of Subchapter C of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Low risk CalARP facilities will receive a CalARP inspection triennially.

“Moderate Risk” facility shall mean the same as a Program 2 facility as defined in Part 68 (commencing with Section 68.1 (c)) of Subchapter C of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Moderate risk CalARP facilities will receive a CalARP inspection biennially.

“High Risk” facility shall mean the same as a Program 3 facility as defined in Part 68 (commencing with Section 68.1 (d)) of Subchapter C of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. High risk CalARP facilities will receive a CalARP inspection annually.

“Complex Process” shall mean a facility using one or more chemicals in a process that involves any of the following: multiple valves and piping, process reaction vessels, or processes that are temperature and/or pressure dependent.

“Special Complex” shall mean a facility that manufactures or refines a product or is determined to utilize multiple complex processes and is categorized as “high risk.”

HAZMAT SURCHARGE FEES

SC10 - State Service Charge – CUPA Oversight	\$49 per facility
SC20 - State Service Charge – Underground Storage Tank	\$20 per tank
SC25 - State Service Charge – APSA Program	\$26 per facility ¹
SC60 - State Service Charge – CalARP Program	\$270 per business ²
SC61 - State Service Charge – Refineries (Tier 1)*	\$45,000 per facility
SC62 - State Service Charge – Refineries (Tier 2)*	\$27,500 per facility
SC63 - State Service Charge – Refineries (Tier 3)*	\$13,750 per facility
SC64 - State Service Charge – Refineries (Tier 4)*	\$3,500 per facility

*Tier 1	Equal to or greater than 200,000 daily barrel capacity
*Tier 2	100,000 to 199,999 daily barrel capacity
*Tier 3	50,000 to 99,999 daily barrel capacity
*Tier 4	less than 50,000 daily barrel capacity

¹ Facilities that are Conditionally Exempt from APSA will not have a Program Element fee, but are still applicable for the state APSA surcharge

² The CalARP program surcharge is applied per business (organization/owner), not per facility (individual site)